



# Research and Innovation in Scotland

The UK government has recognised the critical role that research and innovation plays in driving long-term economic growth and delivering against the five national missions<sup>1</sup>. Similarly, the Scottish government has committed to increase investment in research and innovation activity to support talent and knowledge exchange and drive growth<sup>2</sup>. Alongside this, there is a continued ambition, both in Whitehall and in Holyrood to reduce regional inequality and support growth in cities and regions across the UK<sup>3,4</sup>.

What do these ambitions to increase investment in UK research and innovation mean for Scotland? This document provides an insight into the current research and innovation landscape in Scotland to inform discussions over how people across the region can contribute to and share the benefits of R&D investment in the UK.

# How much is spent on R&D activity in Scotland<sup>5</sup>?



8.0% of the UK's population is based in Scotland<sup>6</sup>



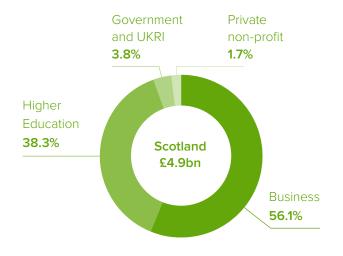


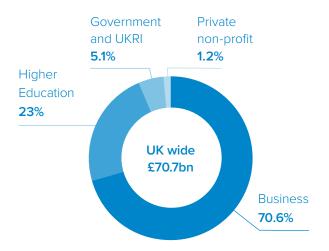


# Who performs R&D in Scotland?

# FIGURE 2

Percentage distribution of R&D spend in Scotland and UK wide, 2022<sup>7</sup>.





# Where is R&D concentrated in Scotland? FIGURE 3 Map of R&D activity in Scotland. **KEY** Universities Science parks Business incubators and accelerators 24,710 professional, scientific, and technical workplaces8 18 universities9 12 science parks<sup>10</sup> 30 business incubators and accelerators<sup>11</sup> 1 Highland Aberdeen Dundee Fife Argyll and Bute Stirling East Lothian North Lanarkshire **3**-1

Renfrewshire

Glasgow

South Lanarkshire

**Dumfries and Galloway** 

Note: The R&D sites listed may not be exhaustive. The list of universities was compiled from HESA data. Higher education institutions without university title have been omitted. Midlothian

Edinburgh

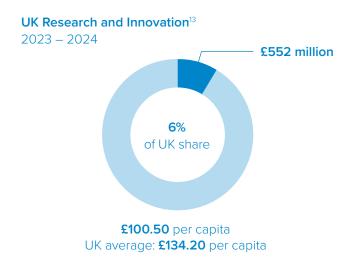
# How is R&D in Scotland funded and supported?

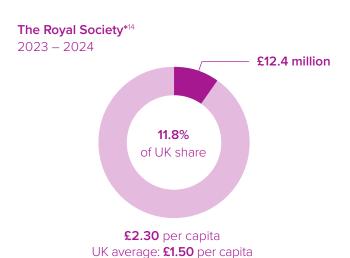
R&D is funded and supported in many different ways. This includes direct investment from public, private, charitable and overseas sources, as well as indirect measures that encourage further private investment such as R&D tax credits.

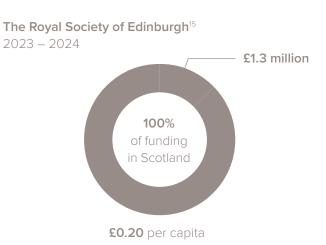
### FIGURE 4

Examples of R&D funders in Scotland.





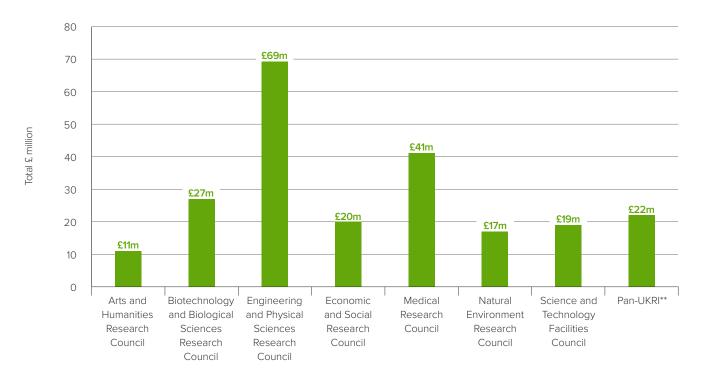




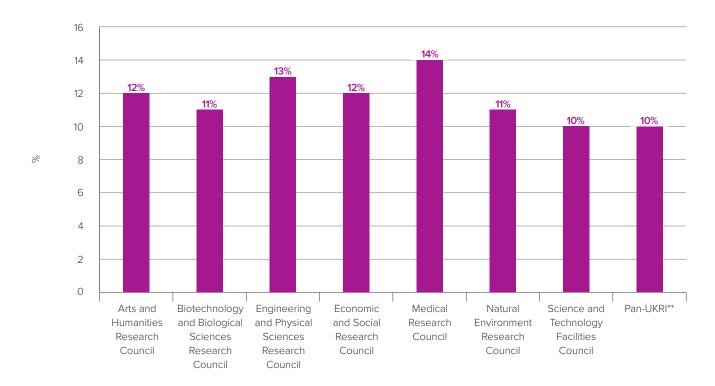
Note: Per capita figures calculated using ONS mid-2023 populations.

<sup>\*</sup> These figures are indicative estimates of the Royal Society's regional grants expenditure in 2023/2024, based on payments made through the Society's grant management system. They have not been audited. The region is based on the postcode of the head office of the payee, not necessarily where R&D is performed.

Total value of grants awarded to Scotland from each research council in 2022 – 2023<sup>16</sup>.



Percentage of funding awarded to Scotland from each research council in 2022 - 202317.



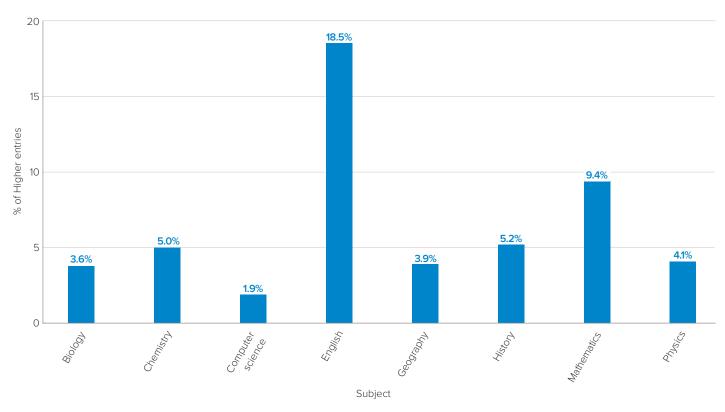
<sup>\*\*</sup>Pan-UKRI includes COVID-19 related research funding, Fund for International Collaboration (FIC), Future Leaders Fellowships (FLF), Global Challenges Research Fund (GCRF), Industrial Strategy Challenge Fund (ISCF), Newton Fund, Strategic Priorities Fund (SPF) and Strength in Places Fund (SIPF). Note: The data included in Figure 5 excludes non-competitive grants, such as funding for UKRI institutes.

### There is no R&D without people

A thriving R&D environment in Scotland requires a talented workforce to perform research and young people in the pipeline who are equipped with the skills they will need in the future economy.

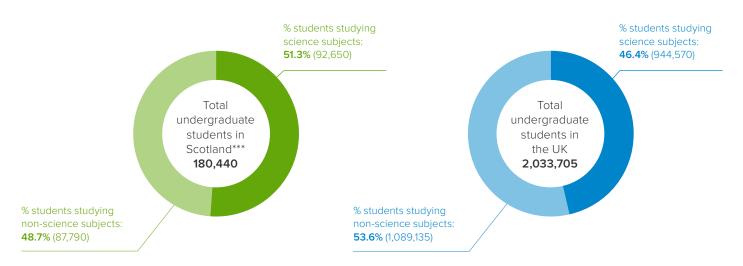
### FIGURE 6

A snapshot of Highers being taken in Scotland, 2024<sup>18</sup>.



### FIGURE 7

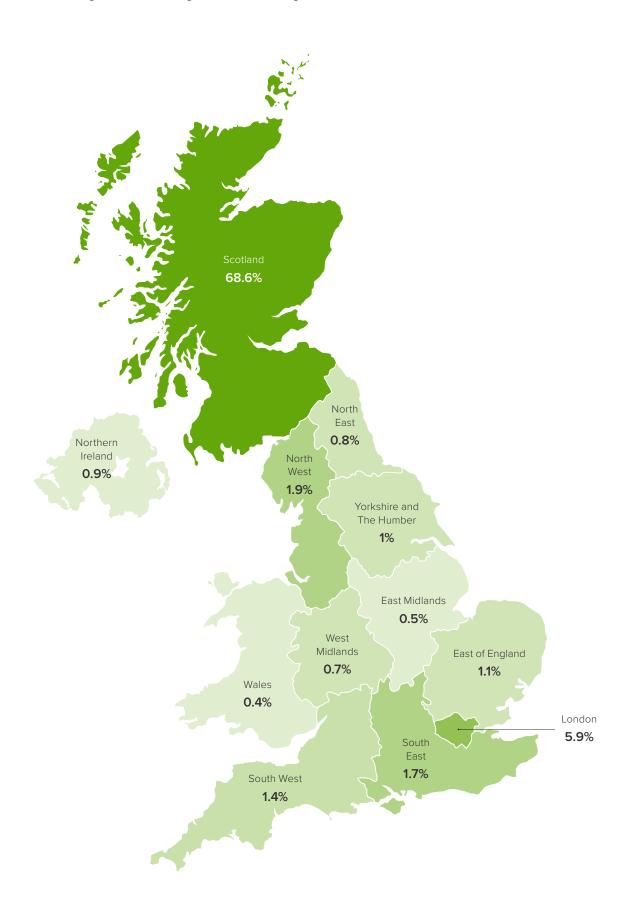
What are undergraduates studying at universities in Scotland, 2022 – 2023<sup>19</sup>?



<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Total undergraduates in Scotland does not include students studying at the Open University who are based in Scotland.

Note: The HESA science grouping includes subjects like medicine, nursing, and agriculture which may not be included in other definitions of STEM (science, technology, engineering, and maths). Includes CAH Level 1 01-11, 13 and 26.

Proportion of Scotland graduates working in the different regions and nations of the UK,  $2020 - 2021^{20}$ .



Note: sample only includes surveyed graduates who remained in the UK for work after graduation. Proportion may not add up to 100% due to rounding.

How many people are employed in R&D in Scotland?

35,000

staff employed in R&D at Scottish companies in 2022. **5.4%** of the UK total<sup>21</sup>.

27,830

academic staff employed at Scottish universities in 2023/24.

11.3% of the UK total<sup>22</sup>.

Note: Academic staff refers to academic staff with roles in both teaching and research or in research only. Both full-time and part-time research staff are included in the figure. All figures are rounded to the nearest 1,000.

#### Find out more

#### Investing in UK R&D

Explore research and innovation in other areas of the UK and read the Royal Society's briefings on R&D investment in the UK produced together with the other UK National Academies. Find out more on royalsociety.org/uk-research-and-innovation

#### Industry programme

The Royal Society's Science and Industry programme connects industry with the Society and promotes the value of science to the economy by bringing together industry, academia, and government. Find out more on royalsociety.org/industry

#### Promoting excellence in science

The Royal Society promotes excellence in science and supports international collaborations by funding research in the life and physical sciences, including engineering, in the UK and internationally. Find out more about the Royal Society's grants programmes on royalsociety.org/grants

#### Promoting research excellence

The Royal Society of Edinburgh's Research Awards Programme, running twice a year, supports excellent research in all academic disciplines. While sponsoring Scottish research and innovation is key, the awards also aim to nurture promising talent and to promote international collaboration. Find out more on rse.org.uk/aboutour-funding-programmes

# Contributing to Scottish and UK R&D Policy

Drawing on the expertise of its diverse fellowship, the Royal Society of Edinburgh provides independent and authoritative evidence on different topics of relevance, including on research and development policy. Find out more on rse.org.uk/expert-advice

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